## P P SAVANI UNIVERSITY

Second Semester of B.Sc. (Hons.) Agriculture End Semester Examination

December - 2022

## SGAG 1040-Manures, Fertilizers and Soil Fertility Management

13.12.2022, Tuesday Time: 10:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. Maximum Marks: 50 Instruction: 1. Draw a neat and labeled diagram whenever it is required. 2. Start new questions from new page. Q.1 Multiple choice questions (01mark each) (15) CO \_\_\_\_is the ability of a soil for producing a plant or sequence of plants under a 1.1 2 specified system of management? a. Soil fertility c. A and B both b. Soil productivity d. None of these is considered as father of field experiments. 1.2 a. Anthur Young c. J.B. Boussingault b. Priestly d. Van Helmont What are the Secondary nutrient? 1.3 2 a. Ca, Mg and S c. N, P and K b. N, P and S d. P, S, Ca and Mg Kjeldahl's method is generally used for the estimation of \_\_\_\_\_ from soil. 1.4 3 a. Total P c. Total K b. Total N d. All of these The ability of soil to supply essential nutrient to the plant and plant grow is  ${f 1}$ 2 called . a. Soil Fertility c. Soil Colloids b. Soil Productivity d. A and B Both Which scientist discovered by water was sole nutrient of plants? 1.6 a. Van Helmont c. J.B. Boussingault b. Anthur Young d. Francis Bacon 1.7 Soil pH > 6.50 indicates soil as \_\_\_ 3 a. Acid soil c. Alkali soil b. Saline soil d. A and B both Movement of nutrient ions and salts along with moving water is called \_\_\_ 1.8 a. Mass flow c. Infiltration b. Diffusion d. None of these 1.9 Spectrophotometer used to determination of \_\_\_\_ 3 a. N c. K

d. All of these

b. P

1.10	Contact exchange theory is highly favourable for the	uptake of 2	2	1
	a. N			
	b. P d. All of t			
1.11	is considered to the most important of the soils	organisms bringing about the	L	2
	conversion of $NH_4$ <sup>+</sup> to $NO_3$ <sup>-</sup> .			
	a. Nitrosomonas c. Azotok	pacter		
	b. Nitrobactor d. Azospi	rillum		
1.12	established the essentiality of Oxygen for the pl	ant growth.	1	1
	a. Francis Bacon c. Priestl	у		
	b. Anthur Young d. Rober	t Boyle		
1.13	Khaira disease of rice is caused by deficier	icy.	1	1
	a. Mn		1	
	b. Zn d. B			
1.14	DAP contain NPK%?		1	3
	a. 18-46-00 c. 46-00	-00		
	b. 18-00-00 d. 46-18	-00		
1.15	Ammonium sulphate contain N%?		1	3
	a. 21 c. 18			
	b. 26 d. 24			
		(06)		
Q.2	Define/ Explain (Attempt any six- 01 marks each	h) (06)	2	1
2.1	Nutrient		1	1
2.2	Organic manure		1	1
2.3	Incomplete fertilizers		3	1
2.4	Soil PH		3	1
2.5	6 Acid soil		2	1
2.6	6 Hidden hunger		-	1
		(05)		
Q.3			3	1
3.1			2	1
3.2		o acids and urea is known as	2	1
0	ammonification.	i delegação	2	1
3.3			2	1
	on the plant, especially when mild deficiency is oc		2	1
3.4			2	
3.5	5 Movement of nutrient ions and salts along with m	oving water is knows Diitusion.	2	1

Q.4	Short notes (Attempt any six- 02 marks each)	(12)			
4.1	Explain Nutrient release and path for absorption?		2	2	
4.2	Factors Influencing Nutrient Availability?		2	1	
4.3	Write down Criteria of essentiality?		2	2	
4.4	Enlist essential plant nutrient?		2	1	
4.5	Enlist methods of fertilizer application?		1	1	
4.6	Explain Forms of nutrients in soil?		2	2	
4.7	Organic Farming .		1	2	
4.8	Component of organic manures		1	1	
Q.5	Answer the following questions in detail (Attempt any three- 04 marks	(12)	,		
	each)				
5.1	Explain Mechanisms of nutrient transport to plants?		2	2	
5.2	Describe Nutrient toxicity and management?		2	2	
5.3	Explain S transformation in soil?	*	2	2	
5.3 5.4	Explain S transformation in soil?  Write down Visual deficiency symptoms of N, P, K and S,?		2 2	2	

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## CO: Course Outcome Number

BTL: Blooms Taxonomy Level

Level of Bloom's Revised Taxonomy in Assessment

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1: Remember	2: Understand	3: Apply	
4: Analyze	5: Evaluate	6: Create	